Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Revision Date: 08/18/2023 Date of issue: 08/18/2023

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Magic Quilting & Crafting Steamer Boost

Product Code: 20323

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Clothes Refresher

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Faultless Brands 1025 W 8th St. Kansas City, MO 64101 USA T: 1-816-842-1230

www.faultless.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-424-9300 (for emergencies) CHEMTREC

*This document is intended to be used for safety in the workplace only, and is not a consumer document.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Gases Under Pressure - Liquefied gas- H280 Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)	:	Warning
Hazard Statements (GHS-US)	:	H280 - Co
Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)	:	P410+P40

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Version: 3.0

JS) : P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US) No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture **Product Identifier** % (w/w) Name (CAS No) 106-97-8 Butane 1 - 4Propane (CAS No) 74-98-6 0.1 - 1(CAS No) 75-28-5 Isobutane 0 - 0.15(CAS No) 57-13-6 0.03 - 0.15Urea

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

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General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). If frostbite or freezing occurs, immediately flush with plenty of lukewarm water to GENTLY warm the affected area. Do not use hot water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical attention.

Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite.

Inhalation: Contains a small amount of gases that are simple asphyxiants. If a large amount of gas is released in a confined space, gas could be toxic as a simple asphyxiant by displacing oxygen from the air. Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Skin Contact: May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Eye Contact: Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: In accordance with subsections 31.4 and 31.5 of the UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods, Manual of Tests and Criteria, for Ignition distance test, and Enclosed space ignition test this material is not classified as a flammable aerosol.

Explosion Hazard: Container may explode in heat of fire.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. **Hazardous Combustion Products**: Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and low molecular weight hydrocarbons.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing (vapor, mist, gas). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

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Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Stop leak, if possible without risk. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Contact with the product may cause cold burns or frostbite.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid prolonged contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep only in original container. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Products: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Water reactive materials. Halogens.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Clothes Refresher

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Isobutane (75-28-5)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1900 mg/m ³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm	
Butane (106-97-8)	Butane (106-97-8)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1900 mg/m ³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	800 ppm	
Propane (74-98-6)	Propane (74-98-6)		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	1800 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	1800 mg/m ³	
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	1000 ppm	
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	2100 ppm (10% LEL)	
Urea (57-13-6)			
USA AIHA	WEEL TWA (mg/m³)	10 mg/m ³	

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8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves. If material is cold, wear thermally resistant protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Thermal Hazard Protection: Wear thermally resistant protective clothing.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

5.1. Information on basic Physical and cher	int	
Physical State	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Clear to hazy aerosol
Odor	:	Pleasant
Odor Threshold	:	Not available
рН	:	6 – 7
Evaporation Rate	:	Not available
Melting Point	:	Not available
Freezing Point	:	Not available
Boiling Point	:	100 °C (212 °F)
Flash Point	:	Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	:	Not available
Decomposition Temperature	:	Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	:	Not available
Vapor Pressure	:	Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	:	Not available
Relative Density	:	Not available
Specific Gravity	:	1.008 g/ml
Solubility	:	Water: 95 - 96%
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	:	Not available
Viscosity	:	Not available
Explosive Properties	:	Pressurized container: may burst if heated
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to mechanical impact.
Explosion Data – Sensitivity to Static Discharge	:	Not expected to present an explosion hazard due to static discharge.
SECTION 10, STARILITY AND REACTIVITY		

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

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10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Strong acids. Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Water reactive materials. Halogens.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Low molecular weight hydrocarbon fragments.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6 – 7

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

pH: 6 – 7

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Teratogenicity: Not available

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Contains a small amount of gases that are simple asphyxiants. If a large amount of gas is released in a confined space, gas could be toxic as a simple asphyxiant by displacing oxygen from the air. Prolonged exposure may cause irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: May cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals. Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite and freeze burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact with gas escaping the container can cause frostbite, freeze burns, and permanent eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Not considered a potential route of exposure, but contact with gas escaping the container can cause freeze burns and frostbite.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Isobutane (75-28-5)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	658 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	11000 ppm
Butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	30957 mg/m ³ (Exposure time: 4 h)
Propane (74-98-6)	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	658 mg/l/4h
Urea (57-13-6)	
LD50 Oral Rat	>5000 mg/kg

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and Degradability Not available

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Isobutane (75-28-5)	
BCF Fish 1	1.57 - 1.97

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Log Pow	2.88 (at 20 °C)
Butane (106-97-8)	
Log Pow	2.89
Propane (74-98-6)	
Log Pow	2.3
12.4. Mobility in Soil	Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects Not available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

SECTION 14: TRANSPOR	I INFORMATION
14.1. In Accordance wi	th DOT
Proper Shipping Name	: AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)
Hazard Class	: 2.2
Identification Number	: UN1950
Label Codes	: 2.2
ERG Number	: 126
• •	aging Exception 173.306 - Consumer Commodities, Limited Quantities of Compressed Gases
14.2. In Accordance wi	th IMDG
Proper Shipping Name	: AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE
Hazard Class	: 2
Division	: 2.2
Identification Number	: UN1950
Label Codes	: 2.2
EmS-No. (Fire)	: F-D 🤇 🔪
EmS-No. (Spillage)	: S-U
MFAG Number	: 126
14.3. In Accordance wi	-
Proper Shipping Name	: AEROSOLS, NON-FLAMMABLE
Identification Number	: UN1950
Hazard Class	\mathbf{Y}
Label Codes	: 2.2
Division	: 2.2
ERG Code (IATA)	: 2L
SECTION 15: REGULATO	RY INFORMATION
15.1. US Federal Regul	ations
Magic Quilting & Crafting S	teamer Boost
SARA Section 311/312 Haza	ard Classes Sudden release of pressure hazard
Isobutane (75-28-5)	
Listed on the United States	TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Butane (106-97-8)	

Butane (106-97-8)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Propane (74-98-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

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Urea (57-13-6)		
Listed on the United States TSC	CA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
15.2. US State Regulation	IS	
Butane (106-97-8)		
U.S Massachusetts - Right To	Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Kno	U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right	t to Know) List	
Propane (74-98-6)		
U.S Massachusetts - Right To	Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Kno	ow Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right	t to Know) List	
Isobutane (75-28-5)		
U.S Massachusetts - Right To	Know List	
U.S New Jersey - Right to Kno	ow Hazardous Substance List	
U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right	t to Know) List	
SECTION 16: OTHER INFOR	RMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION	
Revision Date	08/18/23 – standardized hazard language across all aerosol SDS's.	
Other Information	: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA	
	Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.	
GHS Full Text Phrases:		

Liquefied gas	Gases under pressure Liquefied gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Party Responsible for the Preparation of This Document

Faultless Brands: 1-816-842-1230 (for product information); 1-800-424-9300 (for emergencies)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

US GHS SDS